SENATE MOTION

MADAM PRESIDENT:

I move that Senate Bill 506 be amended to read as follows:

1	Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:
2	"SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 22. (a) Except as
4	provided in subsection (b), "executive" means:
5	(1) board of county commissioners for a county not having a
6	consolidated city:
7	(A) before January 1, 2013, the board of county
8	commissioners; and
9	(B) after December 31, 2012:
10	(i) the board of county commissioners elected under
11	IC 36-2-2 (in a county in which the voters determine in
12	a public question under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not
13	reorganize county government and in which the county
14	has not reorganized county government under
15	IC 36-2-3.9-8);
16	(ii) the chief executive officer elected under IC 36-2-2.5
17	(in a county subject to IC 36-2-2.5); or
18	(iii) the board of county supervisors elected under
19	IC 36-2-3.8 (in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.8);
20	(2) for a county having a population of more than four
21	hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred
22	thousand (700,000), the board of county commissioners;
23	(2) (3) the mayor of the consolidated city, for a county having a
24	consolidated city;
25	(3) (4) the mayor, for a city;
26	(4) (5) the president of the town council, for a town; or
27	(5) (6) a trustee, for a township.
28	(b) This subsection applies to a county not having a consolidated
29	city (excluding a county having a population of more than four
30	hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
31	(700,000)), in which a majority of voters approve a reorganization

1	of county government in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
2	Effective January 1 following the election of the county executive
3	"executive" means:
4	(1) the chief executive officer elected under IC 36-2-2.5 (in a
5	county subject to IC 36-2-2.5); or
6	(2) the board of county supervisors elected under IC 36-2-3.8
7	(in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.8);
8	as determined by the voters of the county under IC 36-2-3.9-8.".
9	Page 2, delete lines 1 through 6.
10	Page 2, line 8, delete "This subsection applies to".
11	Page 2, line 9, delete "elections before 2012.".
12	Page 2, delete lines 22 through 42, begin a new paragraph and
13	insert:
14	"SECTION 3. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
15	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall be
17	printed in substantially the following form for all the offices for which
18	candidates have qualified under IC 3-8:
19	OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT
20	Party
21	For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person, make a voting mark
22	$(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$ on or in the box before the person's name in the proper
23	column. For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a person, darken or
24	shade in the circle, oval, or square (or draw a line to connect the arrow)
25	that precedes the person's name in the proper column. For optical scan
26	ballots that do not contain a candidate's name, print: To vote for a
27	person, darken or shade in the oval that precedes the number assigned
28 29	to the person's name in the proper column. For electronic voting
	systems, print: To vote for a person, touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.
30 31	Vote for one (1) only
32	Representative in Congress
33	[] (1) AB
34	[] (2) CD
35	[] (3) EF
36	[] (4) GH
37	(b) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on
38	the primary election ballot in the following order:
39	(1) Federal and state offices:
40	(A) President of the United States.
41	(B) United States Senator.
42	(C) Governor.
43	(D) United States Representative.
44	(2) Legislative offices:
45	(A) State senator.
46	(B) State representative.
47	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:

1	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
2	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
3	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
4	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
5	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
6	one (1) judge of the superior court.
7	(C) Judge of the probate court.
8	(D) Judge of the county court, with each division separate, as
9	required by IC 33-30-3-3.
10	(E) Prosecuting attorney.
11	(F) Circuit court clerk.
12	(4) The following county offices:
13	(A) County auditor.
14	(B) County recorder.
15	(C) County treasurer.
16	(D) County sheriff.
17	(E) County coroner.
18	(F) County surveyor.
19	(G) County assessor.
20	(H) County commissioner. However, for elections after 2010,
21	county commissioners shall be elected only in a county:
22	(i) having a population of more than four hundred
23	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
23 24	(700,000); or
2 4 25	(ii) in which the voters determine in a public question
26	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
27	government and in which the county has not reorganized
28	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
29	(I) County chief executive officer, for elections in 2012 and
30	thereafter, shall be elected only in a county:
31	(i) in which the county executive determines under
32	IC 36-2-2.4 that the chief executive officer shall be the
33	county executive; or
34	(ii) in which voters determine in a public question under
35	IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer.
36	(I) (J) County council member in a county:
37	(i) having a population of more than four hundred
38	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
39	(700,000);
40	(ii) in which the county executive determines under
41	IC 36-2-2.4 that the voters shall elect a county council;
42	(iii) in which the voters determine in a public question
43	under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county council; or
+3 14	(iv) in which the voters determine in a public question
14 45	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
+3 46	government and in which the county has not reorganized
+0 47	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
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1	(K) Board of county supervisors member, for elections in 2012
2	and thereafter (in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.8) in a county:
3	(i) in which the county executive determines under
4	IC 36-2-2.4 that the voters shall elect a board of county
5	supervisors;
6	(ii) in which the voters determine in a public question
7	under IC 36-2-3.9 at the general election in 2010 to elect
8	a board of county supervisors; or
9	(iii) in which voters determine in a public question under
10	IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a board of county supervisors.
11	(5) Township offices:
12	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
13	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
14	(B) Township trustee.
15	(C) Township board member.
16	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
17	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
18	(6) City offices:
19	(A) Mayor.
20	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
21	(C) Judge of the city court.
22	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
23	(7) Town offices:
24	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
25	(B) Judge of the town court.
26	(C) Town council member.
27	(c) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be
28	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the
29	offices described in subsection (b):
30	(1) Precinct committeeman.
31	(2) State convention delegate.
32	(d) The following offices and public questions shall be placed on the
33	primary election ballot in the following order after the offices described
34	in subsection (c):
35	(1) School board offices to be elected at the primary election.
36	(2) Other local offices to be elected at the primary election.
37	(3) Local public questions.
38	(e) The offices and public questions described in subsection (d)
39	shall be placed:
40	(1) in a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot;
41	(2) after the offices described in subsection (c) in the form
12	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card; or
43	(3) either:
14 1.5	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question; or
45	(B) after the offices described in subsection (c) in the form
46	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
17	if voting is by an electronic voting system

1	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot
2	in the following form:
3	(The explanatory text for the public question,
4	if required by law.)
5	"Shall (insert public question)?"
6	[] YES
7	[] NO
8	SECTION 4. IC 3-10-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
9	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 13. The following public officials shall be elected
11	at the general election before their terms of office expire and every four
12	(4) years thereafter:
13	(1) Clerk of the circuit court.
14	(2) County auditor.
15	(3) County recorder.
16	(4) County treasurer.
17	(5) County sheriff.
18	(6) County coroner.
19	(7) County surveyor.
20	(8) County assessor.
21	(9) County commissioner. However, for elections after 2010,
22	county commissioners shall be elected only in a county:
23	(A) having a population of more than four hundred
24	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
25	(700,000); or
26	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question
27	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
28	government and in which the county has not reorganized
29	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
30 31	(10) County chief executive officer, for elections in 2012 and
32	thereafter, shall be elected only in a county: (A) in which the county executive determines under
33	IC 36-2-2.4 that the chief executive officer shall be the
))	1C 50-2-2.4 that the thiel executive utilities shall be the
2./	county avacutives or
34 35	county executive; or (B) in which the voters determine in a public question
35	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question
35 36	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive
35 36 37	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer.
35 36 37 38	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after
35 36 37 38 39	 (B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a
35 36 37 38 39	 (B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a county:
35 36 37 38 39	 (B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a county: (A) having a population of more than four hundred
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 (B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a county: (A) having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 (B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a county: (A) having a population of more than four hundred
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a county: (A) having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000);
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	 (B) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer. (10) (11) County council member. However, for elections after 2010, county council members shall be elected only in a county: (A) having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); (B) in which the county executive determines under

1	(D) in which the voters determine in a public question
2	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
3	government and in which the county has not reorganized
4	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
5	(12) Board of county supervisors member, for elections in
6	2012 and thereafter, in a county:
7	(A) in which the county executive determines under
8	IC 36-2-2.4 that the voters shall elect a board of county
9	supervisors under IC 36-2-3.9;
10	(B) in which the voters determine in a public question
11	under IC 36-2-3.9 at the general election in 2010 to elect a
12	board of county supervisors; or
13	(C) in which voters determine in a public question under
14	IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a board of county supervisors.
15	(11) (13) Township trustee.
16	(12) (14) Township board member.
17 18	(13) (15) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
19	(14) (16) Judge of a small claims court.
20	(14) (16) Judge of a small claims court. (15) (17) Constable of a small claims court.
21	SECTION 5. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
22	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. The following offices shall be placed on the
24	general election ballot in the following order:
25	(1) Federal and state offices:
26	(A) President and Vice President of the United States.
27	(B) United States Senator.
28	(C) Governor and lieutenant governor.
29	(D) Secretary of state.
30	(E) Auditor of state.
31	(F) Treasurer of state.
32	(G) Attorney general.
33	(H) Superintendent of public instruction.
34	(I) United States Representative.
35	(2) Legislative offices:
36	(A) State senator.
37	(B) State representative.
38	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
39	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
40	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
41	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
42	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
43	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
44	one (1) judge of the superior court.
45	(C) Judge of the probate court.
46	(D) Judge of the county court, with each division separate, as
47	required by IC 33-30-3-3.

1	(E) Prosecuting attorney.
2	(F) Clerk of the circuit court.
3	(4) The following county offices:
4	(A) County auditor.
5	(B) County recorder.
6	(C) County treasurer.
7	(D) County sheriff.
8	(E) County coroner.
9	(F) County surveyor.
10	(G) County assessor.
11	(H) County commissioner. However, for elections after 2010,
12	county commissioners shall be elected only in a county:
13	(i) having a population of more than four hundred
14	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
15	(700,000); or
16	(ii) in which the voters determine in a public question
17	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
18	government and in which the county has not reorganized
19	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
20	(I) County chief executive officer, for elections in 2012 and
21	thereafter, shall be elected only in a county:
22	(i) in which the county executive determines under
23	IC 36-2-2.4 that the chief executive officer shall be the
24	county executive; or
25	(ii) in which voters determine in a public question under
26	IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county chief executive officer.
27	(I) (J) County council member in a county:
28	(i) having a population of more than four hundred
29	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
30	(700,000);
31	(ii) in which the county executive determines under
32	IC 36-2-2.4 that the voters shall elect a county council;
33	(iii) in which the voters determine in a public question
34	under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a county council; or
35	(iv) in which the voters determine in a public question
36 37	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
3 <i>1</i> 38	government and in which the county has not reorganized county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
30 39	(K) Board of county supervisors member, for elections in
39 40	2012 and thereafter, in a county:
40 41	(i) in which the county executive determines under
41 42	IC 36-2-2.4 that the voters shall elect a board of county
42 43	supervisors;
44	(ii) in which the voters determine in a public question
45	under IC 36-2-3.9 at the general election in 2010 to elect
46	a board of county supervisors; or
47	(iii) in which voters determine in a public question under
	(, ·· · · · · · · · · · · ·

1	IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a board of county supervisors.
2	(5) Township offices:
3	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
4	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
5	(B) Township trustee.
6	(C) Township board member.
7	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
8	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
9	(6) City offices:
10	(A) Mayor.
11	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
12	(C) Judge of the city court.
13	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
14	(7) Town offices:
15	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
16	(B) Judge of the town court.
17	(C) Town council member.".
18	Delete pages 3 through 6.
19	Page 7, delete lines 1 through 41.
20	Page 9, delete lines 34 through 42, begin a new paragraph and
21	insert:
22	"SECTION 11. IC 13-11-2-74 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 74. (a) Except as
24	provided in subsection (b), "executive" means the following:
25	(1) Before January 1, 2013, the board of commissioners of a
26	county not having a consolidated city.
27	(2) After December 31, 2012:
28	(A) the chief executive officer, in a county subject to
29	IC 36-2-2.5;
30	(B) the board of county supervisors, in a county subject to
31	IC 36-2-3.8; or
32	(C) the board of commissioners in a county:
33	(i) having a population of more than four hundred
34	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
35	(700,000); or
3637	(ii) in which the voters determine in a public question
38	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county government and in which the county has not reorganized
39	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
40	(2) (3) The mayor of the consolidated city, for a county having a
41	consolidated city.
42	(3) (4) The mayor of a city. or
43	(4) (5) The mayor of a city. of (4) (5) The president of the town council of a town.
44	(b) This subsection applies to a county not having a consolidated
45	city (excluding a county having a population of more than four
46	hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
47	(700,000)), in which a majority of voters approve a reorganization
• /	(, vo, vo)), in which a majority of voters approve a reof gamzation

1	of county government in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
2	Effective January 1 following the election of the county executive,
3	"executive" means:
4	(1) the chief executive officer elected under IC 36-2-2.5 (in a
5	county subject to IC 36-2-2.5); or
6	(2) the board of county supervisors elected under IC 36-2-3.8
7	(in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.8);
8	as determined by the voters of the county under IC 36-2-3.9-8.".
9	Page 10, delete lines 1 through 8.
0	Page 10, delete lines 18 through 42, begin a new paragraph and
. 1	insert:
2	"SECTION 13. IC 36-1-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
4	provided in subsection (b), "executive" means the following:
.5	(1) Before January 1, 2013, the board of commissioners for a
6	county not having a consolidated city.
7	(2) After December 31, 2012:
8	(A) the chief executive officer, in a county subject to
9	IC 36-2-2.5;
20	(B) the board of county supervisors, in a county subject to
21	IC 36-2-3.8; or
22	(C) the board of commissioners in a county:
23	(i) having a population of more than four hundred
24	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
25	(700,000); or
26	(ii) in which the voters determine in a public question
27	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
28	government and in which the county has not reorganized
29	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
30	(2) (3) The mayor of the consolidated city, for a county having a
31	consolidated city.
32	(3) (4) The mayor, for a city.
3	(4) (5) The president of the town council, for a town.
4	(5) (6) The trustee, for a township.
35	(6) (7) The superintendent, for a school corporation. or
66	(7) (8) The chief executive officer, for any other political
57	subdivision.
8	(b) This subsection applies to a county not having a consolidated
19	city (excluding a county having a population of more than four
10	hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
1	(700,000)), in which a majority of voters approve a reorganization
12	of county government in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
13	Effective January 1 following the election of the county executive,
4	"executive" means:
15	(1) the chief executive officer elected under IC 36-2-2.5 (in a
6	county subject to IC 36-2-2.5); or
17	(2) the board of county supervisors elected under IC 36-2-3.8

1	(in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.8);
2	as determined by the voters under IC 36-2-3.8-8.
3	SECTION 14. IC 36-1-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2006,
4	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
6	"legislative body" means the following:
7	(1) Before January 1, 2013:
8	(A) the board of county commissioners, for a county not
9	subject to IC 36-2-3.5 or IC 36-3-1; or
10	(2) (B) the county council, for a county subject to IC 36-2-3.5.
11	(2) After December 31, 2012, for a county not having a
12	consolidated city:
13	(A) the board of county commissioners, for a county:
14	(i) in which the voters determine in a public question
15	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
16	government and in which the county has not reorganized
17	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8; and
18	(ii) that does not have a population of more than two
19	hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred
20	thousand (300,000);
21	(B) the county council, for a county subject to IC 36-2-3.7;
22	(C) the county council, for a county having a population of
23	more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than
24 25	seven hundred thousand (700,000); (D) the county council, for a county:
25 26	(i) in which the voters determine in a public question
27	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
28	government and in which the county has not reorganized
29	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8; and
30	(ii) that has a population of more than two hundred
31	thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand
32	(300,000); or
33	(E) the board of county supervisors, for a county subject to
34	IC 36-2-3.8.
35	(3) The city-county council, for a consolidated city or county
36	having a consolidated city.
37	(4) The common council, for a city other than a consolidated city.
38	(5) The town council, for a town.
39	(6) The township board, for a township.
40	(7) The governing body of any other political subdivision that has
41	a governing body. or
42	(8) The chief executive officer of any other political subdivision
43	that does not have a governing body.
14	(b) This subsection applies to a county not having a consolidated
15	city (excluding a county having a population of more than four
46	hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand
1 7	(700,000)), in which a majority of voters approve a reorganization

1	of county government in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8.
2	Effective January 1 following the election of the county executive,
3	"legislative body" means:
4	(1) the county council (in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.7); or
5	(2) the board of county supervisors elected under IC 36-2-3.8
6	(in a county subject to IC 36-2-3.8);
7	as determined by the voters of the county under IC 36-2-3.9-8.".
8	Page 11, delete lines 1 through 20.
9	Page 12, delete lines 1 through 2, begin a new line block indented
10	and insert:
11	"(3) By the following:
12	(A) The county executive in a county:
13	(i) in which the voters determine in a public question
14	under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county
15	government and in which the county has not reorganized
16	county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8; and
17	(ii) that is not subject to IC 36-2-3.5.
18	(B) The county legislative body, for all other counties.".
19	Page 12, line 23, delete "The" and insert "Except as provided in
20	subsection (c), the".
21	Page 12, delete lines 36 through 39, begin a new line block indented
22	and insert:
23	"(2) the clerk of each of the other political subdivisions named
24	in the petition; and
25	(3) the:
26	(A) circuit court judge of the county in which the political
27	subdivisions are located (if a county is named in the
28	petition); or
29	(B) county executive of the county in which the political
30	subdivisions are located (if a county is not named in the
31	petition).
32	(c) Notwithstanding any other law, the voters of a political
33	subdivision may not initiate a proposed reorganization that
34	includes any of the following:
35	(1) A county other than the county in which the political subdivision is located.
36	
37	(2) A political subdivision located in a different county.".
38	Page 14, line 3, delete "circuit court clerk of the" and insert "county
39	executive of the county in which the most populous political
40	subdivision named in the reorganization resolution or petition is
41 42	located (if a county is not named in the resolution or petition) or
42	the circuit court judge of the county in which the most populous political subdivision named in the reorganization resolution or
43	petition is located (if a county is named in the reorganization
44	resolution or petition)".
45	Page 14, delete line 4.
47	Page 14, line 5, delete "the reorganization resolution or petition is
+ /	rage 14, time 3, defete the reorganization resolution of petition is

located".

Page 14, line 19, delete "The clerk of the" and insert "The county executive of the county in which the most populous political subdivision named in the reorganization resolution or petition is located (if a county is not named in the reorganization resolution or petition) or the circuit court judge of the county in which the most populous political subdivision named in the reorganization resolution or petition is located (if a county is named in the reorganization resolution or petition) shall appoint to a reorganization committee".

Page 14, delete line 20.

Page 14, line 21, delete "appoint to a reorganization committee".

Page 14, line 28, reset in roman "appointing authority.".

Page 14, line 28, delete "clerk of the circuit court.".

Page 15, delete lines 8 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 23. IC 36-1.5-4-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.186-2006, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 18. (a) A reorganization committee shall prepare a comprehensive plan of reorganization for the reorganizing political subdivisions. The plan of reorganization governs the actions, duties, and powers of the reorganized political subdivision that are not specified by law.

- (b) The plan of reorganization must include at least the following:
 - (1) The name and a description of the reorganized political subdivision that will succeed the reorganizing political subdivisions.
 - (2) A description of the boundaries of the reorganized political subdivision.
 - (3) Subject to section 40 of this chapter, a description of the taxing areas in which taxes to retire obligations of the reorganizing political subdivisions will be imposed.
 - (4) A description of the membership of the legislative body, fiscal body, and executive of the reorganized political subdivision, a description of the election districts or appointment districts from which officers will be elected or appointed, and the manner in which the membership of each elected or appointed office will be elected or appointed.
 - (5) A description of the services to be offered by the reorganized political subdivision and the service areas in which the services will be offered.
 - (6) The disposition of the personnel, the agreements, the assets, and, subject to section 40 of this chapter, the liabilities of the reorganizing political subdivisions, including the terms and conditions upon which the transfer of property and personnel will be achieved.
- 47 (7) Any other matter that the:

- (A) reorganization committee determines to be necessary or appropriate; or
- (B) legislative bodies of the reorganizing political subdivisions require the reorganization committee;
- to include in the plan of reorganization.

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- (8) In the case of a reorganization described in section 1(a)(9) of this chapter, if the legislative bodies of the reorganizing political subdivisions have specified that the vote on the public question regarding the reorganization shall be conducted on a countywide basis under section 30(b) of this chapter with a rejection threshold, the reorganization committee shall include in the reorganization plan a rejection threshold specified as a percentage, equivalent to a simple majority that applies for purposes of section 32(b) of this chapter. The rejection threshold must be the same for each municipality that is a party to the proposed reorganization and to the county that is a party to the proposed reorganization.
- (9) In the case of a reorganization described in section 1(a)(9) of this chapter, the reorganization committee shall determine and include in the reorganization plan the percentage of voters voting on the public question regarding the proposed reorganization who must vote, on a countywide basis, in favor of the proposed reorganization for the public question to be approved. This percentage is referred to in this chapter as the "countywide vote approval percentage". The countywide vote approval percentage must be greater than fifty percent (50%). equivalent to a simple majority.
- (c) In the case of a reorganization described in section 1(a)(9) of this chapter, the reorganization committee may not change the decision of the legislative bodies of the reorganizing political subdivisions regarding whether the vote on the public question regarding the reorganization shall be conducted on a countywide basis without a rejection threshold or with a rejection threshold.
- (d) This subsection applies only to a reorganization initiated by a legislative body under section 10 of this chapter. Upon completion of the plan of reorganization, the reorganization committee shall present the plan of reorganization to the legislative body of each of the reorganizing political subdivisions for adoption. The initial plan of reorganization must be submitted to the legislative body of each of the reorganizing political subdivisions not later than one (1) year after the clerk of the last political subdivision that adopts a reorganization resolution under this chapter has certified the resolution to all of the political subdivisions named in the resolution.
- (e) In the case of a reorganization initiated by the voters of a political subdivision under section 11 of this chapter, the reorganization committee shall hold at least one (1) public hearing on the plan of reorganization in each political subdivision named

in the petition.". 1 2 Delete page 16. 3 Page 17, delete lines 1 through 14. 4 Page 19, line 6, delete "each" and insert "the". 5 Page 19, line 6, delete "a" and insert "the". 6 Page 19, line 7, delete "subdivision is" and insert "subdivisions 7 are". 8 Page 19, line 8, delete "each" and insert "the". 9 Page 19, line 8, delete "a" and insert "the". 10 Page 19, line 9, delete "subdivision is" and insert "subdivisions 11 are". 12 Page 21, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new paragraph and insert: 13 "SECTION 34. IC 36-1.5-4-32, AS ADDED BY P.L.186-2006, 14 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 15 JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 32. (a) This subsection does not apply to a reorganization described in section 1(a)(9) of this chapter. A 16 17 reorganization as specified in the plan of reorganization is approved if 18 a majority of the voters in each reorganizing political subdivision 19 voting on the public question approve the public question on the 20 reorganization. The vote of voters of a reorganizing political 2.1 subdivision (for example, a city) who also are voters in a second 2.2. reorganizing political subdivision (for example, a township) that is 23 geographically larger than the first political subdivision and that 24 includes the territory of the first political subdivision shall be included 25 only in the tally of votes for the first reorganizing political subdivision 26 in which the voters reside. 27 (b) This subsection applies only to a reorganization described in 28 section 1(a)(9) of this chapter. The reorganization is approved only if: 29 (1) the percentage of voters voting on the public question who 30 vote, on a countywide basis, in favor of the proposed 31 reorganization is at least equal to the equivalent to a countywide 32 vote approval percentage, specified in the final reorganization plan; which is a simple majority; 33 34 (2) if the legislative bodies of the reorganizing political subdivisions have agreed that the vote on the public question shall 35 be conducted with a rejection threshold, the percentage of voters 36 37 of the county (excluding the voters of the reorganizing 38 municipalities) voting on the public question who vote against the 39 reorganization is less than the rejection threshold included in the 40 final reorganization plan; a simple majority; and 41 (3) if the legislative bodies of the reorganizing political 42 subdivisions have agreed that the vote on the public question shall 43 be conducted with a rejection threshold, the percentage of voters 44 of each reorganizing municipality voting on the public question 45 who vote against the reorganization is less than the rejection

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threshold included in the final reorganization plan. a simple

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majority.

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If the reorganization is not approved, the reorganization is terminated. If the legislative bodies of the reorganizing political subdivisions have agreed that the vote in the public question shall be conducted with a rejection threshold, then in tabulating the votes under subdivisions (2) and (3), the vote of voters of a reorganizing municipality who also are voters in the county shall be included only in the tally of votes for the municipality in which the voters reside."

Page 21, delete lines 37 through 39, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(b) After December 31, 2012, this chapter applies only to a county:
 - (1) having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); or
 - (2) in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county government and in which the county has not reorganized county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8."

Page 22, line 8, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 22, delete lines 22 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 35. IC 36-2-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]:

Chapter 2.5. County Chief Executive Officer

- Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), and as specifically provided by law, this chapter applies after December 31, 2012, to each county:
 - (1) that does not have a consolidated city; and
 - (2) in which the county executive makes a determination under IC 36-2-2.4 that the county executive is a single county chief executive officer.
- (b) Except as specifically provided by law, this chapter applies to each county:
 - (1) that does not have a consolidated city; and
 - (2) in which a majority of the voters voting on the public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 make a determination;

that the county executive is a single county chief executive officer. This chapter applies to a county on January 1 following the election of the single county chief executive officer.

- (c) This chapter does not apply to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000).
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "chief executive officer" means the chief executive officer elected under IC 3-10-2-13:
 - (1) in 2012 and every four (4) years thereafter, in a county described in section 1(a) of this chapter; or
 - (2) at the next general election following the year the public

1	question was held and every four (4) years thereafter, in a
2	county described in section 1(b) of this chapter.
3	Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a county subject to section 1(a)
4	of this chapter.
5	(b) In a county subject to section 1(a) of this chapter:
6	(1) the voters of the county:
7	(A) shall elect one (1) chief executive officer in 2012 and
8	every four (4) years thereafter; and
9	(B) shall not elect a board of county commissioners;
10	under IC 3-10-2-13;
11	(2) the board of county commissioners for the county is
12	abolished December 31, 2012;
13	(3) notwithstanding IC 36-2-2-3, the term of each county
14	commissioner elected in 2010 is two (2) years rather than four
15	(4) years; and
16	(4) notwithstanding IC 36-2-2-3, the term of each county
17	commissioner serving on December 31, 2012, expires January
18	1, 2013.
19	(c) The term of office of the initial county chief executive officer:
20	(1) is four (4) years; and
21	(2) begins January 1, 2013.
22	Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to a county subject to section 1(b)
23	of this chapter.
24	(b) In a county subject to section 1(b) of this chapter:
25	(1) the voters of the county:
26	(A) shall elect one (1) chief executive officer in the general
27	election next following the year that the public question
28	was held and every four (4) years thereafter; and
29	(B) shall not elect a board of county commissioners;
30	under IC 3-10-2-13;
31	(2) the board of county commissioners for the county is
32	abolished December 31 of the year in which the general
33	election is held to elect the county chief executive officer; and
34	(3) notwithstanding IC 36-2-2-3, the term of each county
35	commissioner serving on December 31 of the year in which
36	the general election is held to elect the county chief executive
37	officer expires January 1 of the next year.
38	Sec. 5. (a) The term of office of a county chief executive officer
39	is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing
40	until a successor is elected and qualified.
41	(b) To be eligible for election as the chief executive officer, an
12	individual must meet the qualifications prescribed by IC 3-8-1-21.
43	If an individual does not remain a resident of the county after
14	taking office as the chief executive officer, the individual forfeits
45	the office. The county legislative body shall declare the office
46	vacant whenever the chief executive officer forfeits office under
17	this subsection.

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Sec. 6. (a) On January 1 following the year of the election of the

county chief executive officer, all of the property, assets, funds, equipment, records, rights, contracts, obligations, and liabilities of the board of county commissioners of a county are transferred to or assumed by the chief executive officer.

- (b) The abolishment of the board of county commissioners of a county on January 1, following the year of the election of the county chief executive officer, does not invalidate:
 - (1) any ordinances, resolutions, fees, schedules, or other actions adopted or taken by the board of county commissioners before January 1; or
 - (2) any appointments made by the board of county commissioners before January 1.
- Sec. 7. (a) All powers and duties of the county that are executive or administrative in nature shall be exercised or performed by the chief executive officer, except to the extent that these powers and duties are expressly assigned by law to another elected or appointed officer. The chief executive officer shall transact the business of the county in the name of "The Chief Executive Officer of the County of ______".
- (b) For purposes of a county subject to this chapter, after December 31 of the year a county chief executive officer is elected, any reference:
 - (1) in the Indiana Code;
 - (2) in the Indiana Administrative Code; or
 - (3) in an ordinance or resolution;

to the board of commissioners pertaining to the executive powers of a county shall be considered a reference to the chief executive officer of the county. For purposes of a county subject to this chapter, after December 31 of the year a county chief executive officer is elected, any reference in the Indiana Code related to the executive powers and duties of the board of county commissioners shall, for purposes of a county subject to this chapter, be considered a reference to the powers and duties of the chief executive officer of the county.

(c) The county council has the legislative powers and duties of the county as provided in IC 36-2-3.7.".

Delete page 23.
Page 24, delete

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Page 24, delete lines 1 through 19.

Page 24, line 20, delete "5." and insert "8.".

40 Page 25, line 27, delete "6." and insert "9.".

41 Page 26, line 9, delete "7." and insert "10.".

42 Page 26, line 20, delete "8." and insert "11.".

Page 26, line 40, delete "9." and insert "12.".

Page 27, line 2, delete "10." and insert "13.".

Page 27, line 17, delete "11." and insert "14.".

46 Page 27, line 19, delete "12." and insert "15.".

47 Page 27, line 22, delete "13." and insert "16.".

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            Page 27, line 36, delete "14." and insert "17.".
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            Page 27, line 39, delete "15." and insert "18.".
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             Page 28, line 20, delete "16." and insert "19.".
 4
             Page 28, line 20, delete "15" and insert "18".
 5
            Page 28, line 23, delete "15" and insert "18".
 6
            Page 28, line 30, delete "17." and insert "20.".
 7
             Page 28, line 36, delete "18." and insert "21.".
 8
            Page 29, line 1, delete "19." and insert "22.".
 9
             Page 29, line 7, delete "20." and insert "23.".
10
            Page 29, delete lines 12 through 42, begin a new paragraph and
         insert:
11
12
             "SECTION 36. IC 36-2-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,
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         SECTION 83, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14
         JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. (a) This subsection does not apply to a county
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- having a population of:
 (1) more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); or
 - (2) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000).

The county executive (before January 1, 2013), the county executive (after December 31, 2012) of a county in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county government and in which the county has not reorganized county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8, or the legislative body of the county (after December 31, 2012) of a county subject to IC 36-2-3.7 or IC 36-2-3.8) shall, by ordinance, divide the county into four (4) contiguous, single-member districts that comply with subsection (d). If necessary, the county auditor shall call a special meeting of the executive (before January 1, 2013), the county executive (after December 31, 2012) of a county in which the voters determine in a public question under IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county government and in which the county has not reorganized county government under IC 36-2-3.9-8, or the legislative body of the county (after December 31, 2012) of a county subject to IC 36-2-3.7 or IC 36-2-3.8) to establish or revise districts. One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of each of the four (4) districts. Three (3) at-large members of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of the whole county.

- (b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). The county redistricting commission established under IC 36-2-2-4 shall divide the county into seven (7) single-member districts that comply with subsection (d). One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of each of these seven (7) single-member districts.
- (c) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred

thousand (300,000). The fiscal body shall divide the county into nine (9) single-member districts that comply with subsection (d). Three (3) of these districts must be contained within each of the three (3) districts established under IC 36-2-2-4(c). One (1) member of the fiscal body shall be elected by the voters of each of these nine (9) single-member districts.

- (d) Single-member districts established under subsection (a), (b), or (c) must:
 - (1) be compact, subject only to natural boundary lines (such as railroads, major highways, rivers, creeks, parks, and major industrial complexes);
 - (2) not cross precinct boundary lines;

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- (3) contain, as nearly as possible, equal population; and
- (4) include whole townships, except when a division is clearly necessary to accomplish redistricting under this section.
- (e) A division under subsection (a), (b), or (c) shall be made:
 - (1) during the first year after a year in which a federal decennial census is conducted; and
 - (2) when the county executive adopts an order declaring a county boundary to be changed under IC 36-2-1-2.
- (f) A division under subsection (a), (b), or (c) may be made in any odd-numbered year not described in subsection (e).
- (g) This subsection applies after December 31, 2012, to a county having a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000). A court may issue an order, before final hearing, to stay an election if there is sufficient evidence to withstand a motion for summary judgment that the county has not been divided into districts that comply with this section. A preliminary hearing on the question may be held upon the court's own motion. Final judgment on the merits in such a case shall be made not later than thirty (30) days after the stay of election order. If the redistricting is found not to be in compliance with law, the court shall retain jurisdiction and shall order the proper officials to submit not later than thirty (30) days a redistricting plan complying with law. If the proper officials fail to comply with the order, the court shall order the Indiana election commission to divide the county into districts in compliance with law.

SECTION 37. IC 36-2-3.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) Before January 1, 2013, this chapter applies to:

- (1) a county having a population of:
 - (A) more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); or
 - (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and
- (2) any other county not having a consolidated city, if both the

1 county executive and the county fiscal body adopt identical 2 ordinances providing for the county to be governed by this 3 chapter beginning on a specified effective date. 4 (b) After December 31, 2012, this chapter applies only to: 5 (1) a county having a population of more than four hundred 6 thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand 7 (700,000); and 8 (2) a county having a population of more than two hundred 9 thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand 10 (300,000), if the voters determine in a public question under 11 IC 36-2-3.9 in 2010 to not reorganize county government and 12 the county has not reorganized county government under 13 IC 36-2-3.9-8.". 14 Delete page 30. 15 Page 31, delete lines 1 through 6. Page 31, delete lines 11 through 19, begin a new paragraph and 16 17 insert: 18 "Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies: 19 (1) after December 31, 2012, to a county that has a board of 20 county supervisors elected under IC 36-2-3.8 as the county 21 executive, legislative body, and fiscal body; and 22 (2) after December 31 of the year in which a board of county supervisors is elected under IC 36-2-3.8 as the county 23 24 executive, legislative body, and fiscal body if a majority of the 25 voters determined under IC 36-2-3.9-8 to elect a board of 26 county supervisors. 27 (b) This chapter does not apply to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven 28 29 hundred thousand (700,000). 30 Sec. 2. (a) The board of county supervisors of a county subject 31 to this chapter must after December 31 of the year that a board of 32 supervisors is elected, employ a county manager to be the 33 administrative head of the county government.". 34 Page 32, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: 35 "Sec. 10. (a) As used in this section, "relative" means: (1) a husband; 36 37 (2) a wife; (3) a father; 38 39 (4) a mother; 40 (5) a son or son-in-law; (6) a daughter or daughter-in-law; 41 42 (7) a brother; 43 (8) a sister; 44 (9) an aunt; 45 (10) an uncle; (11) a niece; or 46 47 (12) a nephew.

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1	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), an individual who is a
2	relative of a member of the board of county supervisors may not be
3	appointed to serve as county manager for the county.
4	(c) Except as provided in subsection (f), an individual who is a
5	relative of an appointed county manager may not:
6	(1) be employed in any position with the office of the county
7	manager; or
8	(2) receive any compensation for services from the office of
9	county manager.
10	(d) An individual may not be employed in the office of county
11	manager in a position in which the individual would have a direct
12	supervisory or subordinate relationship with the individual's
13	relative.
14	(e) This section does not apply to an individual employed as
15	county manager for at least twelve (12) consecutive months before
16	the election or appointment of the individual's relative as a
17	member of the board of county supervisors.
18	(f) This section does not apply to an individual employed in the
19	office of county manager for at least twelve (12) consecutive
20	months before the appointment of the individual's relative as the
21	county manager.
22	(g) This section does not require the termination or
23	reassignment of any employee of a political subdivision from any
24	position held by that individual before January 1, 2013.".
25	Page 33, delete lines 1 through 13, begin a new paragraph and
26	insert:
27	"Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies after December 31, 2012, to
28	each county in which the county executive makes a determination
29	under IC 36-2-2.4 that the county executive is a single elected chief
30	executive officer.
31	(b) This chapter also applies to each county in which a majority
32	of the voters voting on the public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8
33	make a determination that the county executive is a single elected
34	chief executive officer. In a county described in this subsection, this
35	chapter applies after December 31 of the year a county council is
36	elected.
37	(c) This chapter does not apply to a county that:
38	(1) has a consolidated city; or
39	(2) has a population of more than four hundred thousand
40	(400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000).".
41	Page 33, delete lines 21 through 28, begin a new paragraph and
42	insert:
43	"Sec. 4. After December 31 of the year in which a county council

(1) the county council is the county legislative body as well as

(2) the chief executive officer is the county executive of the

county and has the executive and administrative powers and

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47 48 is elected under IC 36-2-3:

the county fiscal body; and

insert: "SECTION 40. IC 36-2-3.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Chapter 3.8. Board of County Supervisors as County Executive, County Legislative Body, and County Fiscal Body Sec. 1. (a) Except as specifically provided by law, this chapter applies to the following: (1) After December 31, 2012, to each county in which: (A) the county executive makes a determination under IC 36-2-2.4; or (B) a majority of the voters voting on the public question in the 2010 general election under IC 36-2-3.9 make a determination; that the board of county supervisors is the county executive, the county legislative body, and the county fiscal body. (2) Each county in which a majority of voters voting on a public question under IC 36-2-3.9-8 determines that the board of county supervisors is the county executive, the county legislative body, and the county fiscal body. This chapter applies to a county under this subdivision after December 31 of the year in which a board of county supervisors is elected. (b) This chapter does not apply to a county: (1) that has a consolidated city; or (2) having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). Sec. 2. In a county subject to this chapter, the board of county supervisors: (1) is the county executive, the county legislative body, and the county fiscal body; (2) shall exercise the executive, legislative, and fiscal powers of the county; (3) has the same executive and administrative powers and duties as are specified for a chief executive officer in a county subject to IC 36-2-2.5; (4) has the same legislative powers and duties as are specified for a county council under IC 36-2-3. Sec. 3. (a) In a county subject to this chapter, the voters of the county shall elect a board of county supervisors under the provisions of IC 36-2-3 that apply to the election of a county council. (b) In a county described in section 1(a)(1) of this chapter: (1) the board of county commissione	1	duties of the county as provided in IC 36-2-2.5.".
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(2) notwithstanding IC 36-2-2, the term of each county commissioner elected in 2010 is two (2) years rather than four (4) years;

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- (3) notwithstanding IC 36-2-2, the term of each county commissioner serving on December 31, 2012, expires at the end of that day;
- (4) notwithstanding IC 36-2-3, the term of each county council member elected in 2010 is two (2) years rather than four (4) years; and
- (5) notwithstanding IC 36-2-3, the term of each county council member serving on December 31, 2012, expires at the end of that day.
- (c) In a county described in section 1(a)(2) of this chapter:
 - (1) the board of county commissioners for the county is abolished January 1, after a board of county supervisors is elected;
 - (2) notwithstanding IC 36-2-2, the term of each county commissioner serving on December 31 of the year that a board of county supervisors is elected expires at the end of that day; and
 - (3) notwithstanding IC 36-2-3, the term of each county council member serving on December 31 of the year that a board of county supervisors is elected expires at the end of that day.
- (d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (f), (g), and (h), the term of office of a board of county supervisors member elected under this chapter is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified.
- (e) This subsection applies only to a county under section 1(a)(1) of this chapter. To provide for staggered terms, the term of office of the initial members of the board of county supervisors elected at-large in 2012 shall be two (2) years, beginning January 1, 2013, and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. For board of county supervisors members elected at-large in 2014 and thereafter, the term of office is four (4) years.
- (f) This subsection applies only to a county under section 1(a)(2) of this chapter. To provide for staggered terms, the term of office of the initial members of the board of county supervisors elected at-large shall be two (2) years, beginning January 1 after the year the board of county supervisors is elected, and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. For board of county supervisors members elected at-large in the next general election and thereafter, the term of office is four (4) years.
- (g) This subsection applies if this chapter applies to a county under section 1(a)(1) of this chapter having a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000) that has board of county supervisors members elected from nine (9) single-member districts. To provide for staggered terms, the term of office of the initial members of the

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board of county supervisors elected under this chapter in 2012 from four (4) districts (as specified by the county council before January 1, 2012) shall be four (4) years, beginning January 1, 2013, and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified, and the initial term of office of the initial members of the board of county supervisors elected under this chapter in 2012 from the other five (5) districts (as specified by the county council before January 1, 2012) shall be two (2) years.

- (h) This subsection applies if this chapter applies to a county under section 1(a)(2) of this chapter having a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000) that has board of county supervisors members elected from nine (9) single-member districts. To provide for staggered terms, the term of office of the initial members of the board of county supervisors elected under this chapter in the general election from four (4) districts (as specified by the county council before January 1 of the year the general election is held) shall be four (4) years, beginning January 1 of the year following the election of the board of county supervisors and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. The initial term of office of the initial members of the board of county supervisors elected under this chapter in the general election from the other five (5) districts (as specified by the county council before January 1 of the year of the general election) shall be two (2) years.
- Sec. 4. (a) On January 1 after the election of the board of supervisors in a county subject to this chapter, all of the property, assets, funds, equipment, records, rights, contracts, obligations, and liabilities of the board of county commissioners of a county are transferred to or assumed by the board of county supervisors.
- (b) The abolishment of the board of county commissioners of a county on January 1 after the election of the board of supervisors does not invalidate:
 - (1) any ordinances, resolutions, fees, schedules, or other actions adopted or taken by the board of county commissioners before January 1; or
 - (2) any appointments made by the board of county commissioners before January 1.
- Sec. 5. (a) For purposes of a county subject to this chapter, after December 31 of the year a board of county supervisors is elected, any reference:
 - (1) in the Indiana Code;
 - (2) in the Indiana Administrative Code; or
- (3) in an ordinance or resolution;

to the board of commissioners pertaining to the executive powers of a county shall be considered a reference to the board of county supervisors of the county. For purposes of a county subject to this chapter, after December 31 of a year a board of county supervisors is elected, any reference in the Indiana Code related to the

executive powers and duties of the board of county commissioners shall, for purposes of a county subject to this chapter, be considered a reference to the powers and duties of the board of county supervisors of the county.

- (b) For purposes of a county subject to this chapter, after December 31 of the year a board of county supervisors is elected, any reference:
 - (1) in the Indiana Code;

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- (2) in the Indiana Administrative Code; or
- (3) in an ordinance or resolution;

to the county council shall be considered a reference to the board of county supervisors of the county. For purposes of a county subject to this chapter, after December 31 of the year a board of county supervisors is elected, any reference in the Indiana Code related to the legislative and fiscal powers and duties of the county council shall, for purposes of a county subject to this chapter, be considered a reference to the powers and duties of the board of county supervisors of the county."

Delete pages 35 through 36.

Page 37, delete lines 1 through 5.

Page 37, line 18, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 37, line 22, delete "legislative body" and insert "executive".

Page 37, between lines 23 and 24, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(3) A county in which voters petition for a public question under section 8 of this chapter to decide the structure of county government.".

Page 37, delete lines 24 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 3. In a county to which this chapter applies, the following public question shall be placed on the ballot at the 2010 general election held in the county:

"Choose only one of the following options for the reorganization of the county government of (insert the name of the county) County:

- () The county government shall be reorganized to place executive, legislative, and fiscal powers in a board of county supervisors.
- () The county government shall not be reorganized.".
- Sec. 4. IC 3, except where inconsistent with this chapter, applies to a public question placed on the ballot under this chapter.
- Sec. 5. A political subdivision may not do any of the following concerning a public question under this chapter:
 - (1) Allow facilities or equipment, including mail and messaging systems, owned by the political subdivision to be used for public relations purposes to promote a position on the public question under this chapter.

- (2) Make an expenditure of money from a fund controlled by the political subdivision to promote a position on the public question under this chapter.
 - (3) Use an employee to promote a position on the public question under this chapter during the employee's normal working hours or paid overtime, or otherwise compel an employee to promote a position on the public question under this chapter at any time.
- Sec. 6. If a majority of the voters who vote on the public question at the 2010 general election vote in favor of reorganizing county government to place executive, legislative, and fiscal powers in a board of county supervisors, IC 36-2-3.8 applies to the county.
- Sec. 7. If a majority of the voters who vote on the public question at the 2010 general election vote in favor of not reorganizing the county government, the following apply to the county:
 - (1) IC 36-2-2.
 - (2) IC 36-2-3.
 - (3) IC 36-2-3.5, for a county having a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000).
- Sec. 8. (a) The voters of the county may file a written petition with the circuit court clerk of the county requesting that a local public question applicable to the county under subsection (c), be placed on the ballot for a general election held not earlier than eight (8) years after the year of the general election at which the most recent public question under this chapter was held. The petition must:
 - (1) be signed by at least five percent (5%) of the voters of the county, as determined by the vote cast in the county for secretary of state at the most recent general election;
 - (2) state the public question that shall be placed on the ballot under subsection (c) of this chapter; and
 - (3) be substantially in the form prescribed by the department of local government finance.

The circuit court clerk shall certify the petition to the county council of the county.

- (b) If the requirements in subsection (a) are satisfied, the county election board shall place the local public question on the ballot in the county during the general election.
- (c) A public question put on the ballot under this section must be one (1) of the following, as determined in the petition under this section:
 - (1) "Choose only one of the following options for the reorganization of the county government of (insert the name of the county) County:
 - () The county government shall be reorganized to place executive, legislative, and fiscal powers in a board of

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1	county supervisors.
2	() The county government shall not be reorganized.".
3	(2) "Choose only one of the following options for the
4	reorganization of the county government of (insert the name
5	of the county) County:
6	() The county government shall be reorganized to place
7	executive powers in a single elected county executive and
8	to place legislative and fiscal powers in the county council.
9	() The county government shall not be reorganized.".
10	(d) If a majority of the voters who vote on a public question vote
11	in favor of reorganizing county government, the following apply:
12	(1) If the vote is in favor of placing executive, legislative, and
13	fiscal powers in a board of county supervisors, IC 36-2-3.8
14	applies to the county.
15	(2) If the vote is in favor of placing executive powers in a
16	single elected county executive and placing legislative and
17	fiscal powers in the county council, IC 36-2-2.5 applies to the
18	county.
19	(e) If a majority of the voters who vote on the public question
20	vote in favor of not reorganizing county government, the law
21	applicable to the county's structure of government continues to
22	apply.".
23	Page 38, delete lines 1 through 6.
24	Page 39, delete lines 14 through 42.
25	Delete page 40.
26	Page 41, delete lines 1 through 17.
27	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to SB 506 as printed February 6, 2009.)

Senator BOOTS